

# Pharmacy Management Drug Policy

**SUBJECT: Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA)**

**POLICY NUMBER: PHARMACY-68**

**EFFECTIVE DATE: 03/02/2017**

**LAST REVIEW DATE: 04/01/2026**

*If the member's subscriber contract excludes coverage for a specific service or prescription drug, it is not covered under that contract. In such cases, medical or drug policy criteria are not applied. This drug policy applies to the following line/s of business:*

## Policy Application

<b>Category:</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Commercial Group (e.g., EPO, HMO, POS, PPO)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medicare Advantage
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> On Exchange Qualified Health Plans (QHP)	<input type="checkbox"/> Medicare Part D
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Off Exchange Direct Pay	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Essential Plan (EP)
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medicaid & Health and Recovery Plans (MMC/HARP)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Child Health Plus (CHP)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Federal Employee Program (FEP)	<input type="checkbox"/> Ancillary Services
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dual Eligible Special Needs Plan (D-SNP)	

## DESCRIPTION:

**Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA)** is a rare genetic condition that causes increasing weakness in muscles. Patients have inadequate amounts of survival motor neuron protein 1 (SMN1). The disease can be classified into five types with infantile onset (Type 1) being the most common. Symptoms and rate of disease progression can vary based on the type of SMA. Approximately 450-500 infants are born with SMA in the US annually.

**Spinraza (nusinersen)** is indicated for the treatment of SMA in pediatric and adult patients. It's mechanism of action involves an increase of full-length SMN protein by targeting the process through which it is produced by the SMN2 gene. It was the first drug approved to treat SMA.

**Zolgensma (onasemnogene abeparvovex-xioi)** is an adeno associated virus vector-based gene therapy indicated for the treatment of pediatric patients less than 2 years of age with SMA with bi-allelic mutations in the survival motor neuron 1 (SMN1) gene.

**Itivisma (onasemnogene abeparvovec-brve)** is an adeno-associated virus vector-based gene therapy indicated for the treatment of spinal muscular atrophy (SMA) in adult and pediatric patients 2 years of age and older with a confirmed mutation in the survival motor neuron 1 (SMN1) gene.

**Evrysdi (risdiplam)** is a survival of motor neuron 2 (SMN2) splicing modifier that is indicated for the treatment of spinal muscular atrophy (SMA) in patients 2 months of age and older. It is the first oral therapy approved to treat SMA.

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#### **POLICY:**

#### **EVRYSDI**

Based upon our assessment and review of the peer-reviewed literature, Evrysdi has been medically proven to be effective and, therefore, **medically appropriate** for the following:

1. Must be prescribed by or in consultation with a provider who specializes in the treatment of Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA) and/or neuromuscular disorders **AND**
2. Must have a diagnosis of Type I, II, or III Spinal Muscular Atrophy
  - a. Confirmed by targeted mutation analysis
    - i. Homozygous deletions of SMN1 gene **OR**
    - ii. Homozygous mutation in the SMN1 gene (e.g., biallelic mutations of exon 7) **OR**
    - iii. Compound heterozygous mutation in the SMN1 gene (e.g., deletion of SMN1 exon 7 and mutation of SMN1) **AND**
3. Must have genetic testing confirming 1, 2, 3 or 4 copies of the SMN2 gene
  - a. If genetic testing confirms 4 copies of the SMN2 gene, Evrysdi will only be approved if the patient is symptomatic **AND**
4. The patient must not have advanced disease (e.g., complete limb paralysis or permanent ventilator dependence) **AND**
5. Progress notes containing results of at least one of the following baseline exams must be submitted to establish baseline motor ability:
  - a. Hammersmith Infant Neurological Exam (HINE) **OR**
  - b. Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale Expanded (HFME) **OR**
  - c. Upper Limb Module (ULM) Test/Revised Upper Limb Module Test (RULM) **OR**
  - d. Children's Hospital of Philadelphia Infant Test of Neuromuscular Disorders (CHOP- INTEND) **OR**
  - e. Motor Function Measure 32 (MFM32) **OR**
  - f. Bayley Scales of Infant and Toddler Development- Third Edition gross motor scale (BSID-III) (For Infantile-Onset disease only) **AND**
6. Dosing should not exceed 0.2mg/kg/day for patients aged 2 months to less than 2 years of age, 0.25mg/kg/day for 2 years of age and older weighing less than 20kg, and 5mg for 2 years of age and older weighing 20kg or more **AND**
7. Evrysdi will not be approved for use in patients that have previously been treated with Zolgensma or Ivrisma and will not be approved in combination with Spinraza or any other experimental therapy for spinal muscular atrophy **AND**
8. Quantity Limit: 80 mL per 30 days
9. Initial and continued approval will be at 12-month intervals for commercial, exchange, and Medicaid members. Subsequent approval will require documentation of positive response to therapy from pretreatment baseline status as evidenced by at least one of the following exams:
  - a. HINE milestones:
    - i. One of the following:
      1. Improvement or maintenance of previous improvement of at least 2 points (or maximal score) increase in ability to kick **OR**
      2. Improvement or maintenance of previous improvement of at least 1-point increase in any other HINE milestone (e.g., head control, rolling, sitting, crawling, etc.)
  - b. HFME:
    - i. One of the following:
      1. Improvement or maintenance of previous improvement of at least a 3- point increase in score from pretreatment baseline **OR**

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2. Patient has achieved and maintained any new motor milestone from pretreatment baseline when they would otherwise be unexpected to do so
- c. ULM/RULM:
  - i. One of the following:
    1. Improvement or maintenance of previous improvement of at least a 2- point increase in score from pretreatment baseline **OR**
    2. Patient has achieved and maintained any new motor milestone from pretreatment baseline when they would otherwise be unexpected to do so
- d. CHOP-INTEND
  - i. One of the following:
    1. Improvement or maintenance of previous improvement of at least a 4- point increase in score from pretreatment baseline **OR**
    2. Patient has achieved and maintained any new motor milestone from pretreatment baseline when they would otherwise be unexpected to do so
- e. MFM32
  - i. One of the following:
    1. Improvement or maintenance of previous improvement of at least a 3-point or greater change from pretreatment baseline **OR**
    2. Patient has achieved and maintained any new motor milestone from pretreatment baseline when they would otherwise be unexpected to do so
- f. BSID-III
  - i. Infantile-onset disease **AND** ability to sit without support for at least 5 seconds (BSID-III, Item 22)

### **SPINRAZA**

Based upon our assessment and review of the peer-reviewed literature, Spinraza has been medically proven to be effective and, therefore, **medically appropriate** for the following:

#### **For Commercial/Essential/ Child Health Plus/Medicare Advantage:**

1. Must be prescribed by or in consultation with a provider who specializes in the treatment of Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA) and/or neuromuscular disorders **AND**
2. Must have a diagnosis of Type I, II, or III Spinal Muscular Atrophy
  - a. Confirmed by targeted mutation analysis
    - i. Homozygous deletions of SMN1 gene **OR**
    - ii. Homozygous mutation in the SMN1 gene (e.g., biallelic mutations of exon 7) **OR**
    - iii. Compound heterozygous mutation in the SMN1 gene (e.g., deletion of SMN1 exon 7 and mutation of SMN1) **AND**
3. Must have genetic testing confirming 1, 2, 3 or 4 copies of the SMN2 gene
  - a. If genetic testing confirms 4 copies of the SMN2 gene, Spinraza will only be approved if the patient is symptomatic **AND**
4. The patient must not have advanced disease (e.g., complete limb paralysis or permanent ventilator dependence **AND**
5. Progress notes containing results of at least one of the following baseline exams must be submitted to establish baseline motor ability:
  - a. Hammersmith Infant Neurological Exam (HINE) **OR**
  - b. Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale Expanded (HFMSSE) **OR**
  - c. Upper Limb Module (ULM) Test/Revised Upper Limb Module Test (RULM) **OR**

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- d. Children's Hospital of Philadelphia Infant Test of Neuromuscular Disorders (CHOP- INTEND)  
**AND**
- 6. There must be a proven contraindication to Evrysdi
  - a. This requirement does not apply to Medicare Advantage **AND**
- 7. Spinraza must be dosed and administered in accordance with the current FDA-approved prescribing information. Both standard-dose (12 mg) and high-dose (28 mg maintenance) regimens must follow the labeled dosing schedule and monitoring requirements **AND**
- 8. Spinraza will not be approved for use in patients that have previously been treated with Zolgensma or Itrivisa or in combination with Evrysdi or any other experimental therapy for spinal muscular atrophy **AND**
- 9. Initial approval will be for 6 months, and continued approval will be at 12-month intervals for commercial, exchange, and Medicaid members. Subsequent approval will require documentation of positive response to therapy from pretreatment baseline status as evidenced by at least one of the following exams:
  - a. HINE milestones:
    - i. One of the following:
      - 1. Improvement or maintenance of previous improvement of at least 2 points (or maximal score) increase in ability to kick **OR**
      - 2. Improvement or maintenance of previous improvement of at least 1-point increase in any other HINE milestone (e.g., head control, rolling, sitting, crawling, etc.)
  - b. HFMSE:
    - i. One of the following:
      - 1. Improvement or maintenance of previous improvement of at least a 3- point increase in score from pretreatment baseline **OR**
      - 2. Patient has achieved and maintained any new motor milestone from pretreatment baseline when they would otherwise be unexpected to do so
  - c. ULM/RULM:
    - i. One of the following:
      - 1. Improvement or maintenance of previous improvement of at least a 2- point increase in score from pretreatment baseline **OR**
      - 2. Patient has achieved and maintained any new motor milestone from pretreatment baseline when they would otherwise be unexpected to do so
  - d. CHOP-INTEND
    - i. One of the following:
      - 1. Improvement or maintenance of previous improvement of at least a 4- point increase in score from pretreatment baseline
      - 2. Patient has achieved and maintained any new motor milestone from pretreatment baseline when they would otherwise be unexpected to do so.

#### **For Medicaid/HARP:**

- 1. Must be prescribed by or in consultation with a provider who specializes in the treatment of Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA) and/or neuromuscular disorders **AND**
- 2. Must have a diagnosis of Type I, II, or III Spinal Muscular Atrophy
  - 1. Confirmed by targeted mutation analysis
    - i. Homozygous deletions of SMN1 gene **OR**
    - ii. Homozygous mutation in the SMN1 gene (e.g., biallelic mutations of exon 7) **OR**
    - iii. Compound heterozygous mutation in the SMN1 gene (e.g., deletion of SMN1 exon 7 and mutation of SMN1) **AND**

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3. The patient must not have advanced disease (e.g., complete limb paralysis or permanent ventilator dependence) **AND**
4. Progress notes containing results of at least one of the following baseline exams must be submitted to establish baseline motor ability:
  1. Hammersmith Infant Neurological Exam (HINE) **OR**
  2. Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale Expanded (HFMSSE) **OR**
  3. Upper Limb Module (ULM) Test/Revised Upper Limb Module Test (RULM) **OR**
  4. Children's Hospital of Philadelphia Infant Test of Neuromuscular Disorders (CHOP-INTEND)**AND**
5. Spinraza must be dosed and administered in accordance with the current FDA-approved prescribing information. Both standard-dose (12 mg) and high-dose (28 mg maintenance) regimens must follow the labeled dosing schedule and monitoring requirements **AND**
6. Spinraza will not be approved for use in patients that have previously been treated with Zolgensma or Iltvisma or in combination with Evrysdi or any other experimental therapy for spinal muscular atrophy **AND**
7. Initial approval will be for 6 months, and continued approval will be at 12-month intervals for commercial, exchange, and Medicaid members. Subsequent approval will require documentation of positive response to therapy from pretreatment baseline status as evidenced by at least one of the following exams:
  1. HINE milestones:
    - i. One of the following:
      1. Improvement or maintenance of previous improvement of at least 2 points (or maximal score) increase in ability to kick **OR**
      2. Improvement or maintenance of previous improvement of at least 1-point increase in any other HINE milestone (e.g., head control, rolling, sitting, crawling, etc.)
  2. HFMSSE:
    - i. One of the following:
      1. Improvement or maintenance of previous improvement of at least a 3- point increase in score from pretreatment baseline **OR**
      2. Patient has achieved and maintained any new motor milestone from pretreatment baseline when they would otherwise be unexpected to do so
  3. ULM/RULM:
    - i. One of the following:
      1. Improvement or maintenance of previous improvement of at least a 2- point increase in score from pretreatment baseline **OR**
      2. Patient has achieved and maintained any new motor milestone from pretreatment baseline when they would otherwise be unexpected to do so
  4. CHOP-INTEND
    - i. One of the following:
      1. Improvement or maintenance of previous improvement of at least a 4- point increase in score from pretreatment baseline
      2. Patient has achieved and maintained any new motor milestone from pretreatment baseline when they would otherwise be unexpected to do so.

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#### **ZOLGENSMA**

Based upon our assessment and review of the peer-reviewed literature, Zolgensma has been medically proven to be effective and, therefore, **medically appropriate** for the following:

1. Must be prescribed by or in consultation with a provider who specializes in the treatment of Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA) and/or neuromuscular disorders **AND**
2. Must be less than 2 years of age at the time of treatment and weigh  $\leq 21$  kg
  - a. For neonatal patients born prematurely, term gestational age (37 weeks) must be reached **AND**
3. Must have a diagnosis of Spinal Muscular Atrophy with bi-allelic mutations in the SMN1 gene
  - a. Confirmed by targeted mutation analysis
    - i. Homozygous deletions of SMN1 gene **OR**
    - ii. Homozygous mutation in the SMN1 gene (e.g., biallelic mutations of exon 7) **OR**
    - iii. Compound heterozygous mutation in the SMN1 gene (e.g., deletion of SMN1 exon 7 and mutation of SMN1) **AND**
4. Must have genetic testing confirming 1, 2, 3 or 4 copies of the SMN2 gene **AND**
5. Must have baseline anti-AAV9 antibody titers of  $\leq 1:50$  (e.g., anti-AAV9 antibody titers of  $\leq 1:25$ ) **AND**
6. Patients with advanced SMA (i.e., complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilator dependence) will be excluded from treatment due to lack of literature support
  - a. Permanent ventilation defined as required invasive ventilation (tracheostomy), or invasive/non-invasive respiratory assistance for  $\geq 16$  hours daily for  $\geq 14$  days in the absence of an acute reversible illness and excluding perioperative ventilation **AND**
7. Zolgensma will not be approved for use in combination with Spinraza or Evrysdi or any other experimental therapy for spinal muscular atrophy **AND**
8. Must not have previously received any gene therapy, including either formulation of onasemnogene abeparvovec or any other AAV9- or SMN1-directed gene-replacement therapy (including investigational treatments). This exclusion applies regardless of route of administration of prior therapy as antibody response is systemic **AND**
9. Retreatment with Zolgensma has not been proven to be safe and effective and will be considered experiment/investigational. This includes patients who received a partial or incomplete dose of Zolgensma.
10. Dosage should not exceed  $1.1 \times 10^{14}$  vector genomes (vg) per kg of body weight administered as an IV infusion over 60 minutes. Systemic corticosteroids (equivalent to oral prednisolone at 1mg/kg of body weight) must be administered starting one day prior to Zolgensma infusion and continuing for a total of 30 days
  - a. Refer to the prescribing information for the determination of the appropriate dose volume that corresponds to the patient's weight. Coverage will be limited to one customized Zolgensma kit that meets these dosage requirements
11. Approval timeframe will be for 3 months to allow for the administration of the one-time treatment or until 2 years of age, whichever occurs first

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#### **ITVISMA**

Based upon our assessment and review of the peer-reviewed literature, Itvisma has been medically proven to be effective and, therefore, **medically appropriate** for the following:

1. Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a provider who specializes in the treatment of Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA) and/or neuromuscular disorders **AND**
2. Must be between  $\geq 2$  years and  $< 18$  years of age **AND**
3. Must have a genetically confirmed diagnosis of Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA), supported by documentation of:
  - a. Biallelic SMN1 deletion or mutation confirmed by molecular genetic testing (homozygous deletion, homozygous mutation, or compound heterozygous mutation) **AND**
  - b. Genetic testing confirming 2, 3, or 4 copies of the SMN2 gene **AND**
4. Must have a clinical presentation consistent with SMA Type 2 or non-ambulatory SMA Type 3, characterized by:
  - a. Absence of sustained independent ambulation at the time of the request **OR** documented loss of independent ambulation within the prior 12 months **AND**
  - b. Evidence of preserved motor neuron reserve, demonstrated by:
    - i. Ability to sit independently without external support (e.g., without a caregiver assisting, without positioning devices) **OR**
    - ii. Preserved antigravity upper-limb function on clinical examination or standardized assessment (e.g., RULM) **AND**
  - c. Must have objective evidence of disease progression, demonstrated by documentation of
    - i. A decline in standardized motor function assessments, (e.g., HFMS-E, RULM, or equivalent) within the prior 12 -months **OR**
    - ii. A loss of motor milestones within the prior 12-months
5. Must have a current (within 30 days prior to treatment) anti-AAV9 neutralizing antibody titer at or below the laboratory's validated cutoff (typically  $\leq 1:50$ ; some validated assays use  $\leq 1:25$ )
  - a. Laboratory report must specify assay type, date, and threshold **AND**
6. Vaccination and Infection Precautions
  - a. Must have no active infection at the time of treatment; patient must be clinically stable
  - b. Must have no live-attenuated vaccine (e.g., MMR, varicella, zoster) within 30 days before or 2 months after treatment
  - c. Must have documentation of varicella immunity (IgG positive or prior vaccination) must be submitted **AND**
7. Documentation must confirm that the patient does not have any contraindication to lumbar puncture, including:
  - a. Increased intracranial pressure due to mass lesion or hydrocephalus;
  - b. Coagulopathy (INR  $> 1.4$  or platelets  $< 100,000/\mu\text{L}$ ) or current anticoagulant use;
  - c. Local infection at the puncture site or systemic sepsis;
  - d. Severe spinal deformity, fusion, or hardware precluding safe LP access; **AND**
8. Must have baseline laboratory assessment (within 7 days prior to treatment)
  - a. AST, ALT, total bilirubin, PT/INR
  - b. CBC with platelets
  - c. BUN/creatinine
  - d. LDH and haptoglobin
  - e. Blood pressure
  - f. Varicella IgG

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9. Exclusion Criteria - Coverage will not be approved if any of the following apply:
  - a. Significant hepatic impairment (AST/ALT > 5× ULN or bilirubin > 2× ULN);
  - b. Active infection or febrile illness within 30 days;
  - c. Uncorrected coagulopathy or thrombocytopenia;
  - d. Contraindication to lumbar puncture (see Section 6);
  - e. Ventilator dependence or end-stage SMA (complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilator use);
  - f. Recent major surgery or pulmonary decompensation (< 2 months);
  - g. Active varicella or herpes zoster infection;
  - h. Prior treatment with any AAV-based or other viral-vector gene therapy.
10. Patients with advanced SMA (i.e., complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilator dependence) will be excluded from treatment due to lack of literature support
  - a. Permanent ventilation is defined as requiring invasive ventilation (tracheostomy), or invasive/non-invasive respiratory assistance for ≥ 16 hours daily for ≥ 14 days in the absence of an acute reversible illness and excluding perioperative ventilation
11. For SMA treatment experienced patients:
  - a. If previously treated with nusinersen (Spinraza), the patient must have received their last dose of nusinersen ≥ 4 months
  - b. If previously treated with risdiplam (Evrysdi), the patient must have received their last dose of risdiplam ≥ 15 days prior
12. Itvisma will not be approved for use in combination with Spinraza or Evrysdi or any other experimental therapy for spinal muscular atrophy
13. Must not have previously received any gene therapy, including either formulation of onasemnogene aberparvovec or any other AAV9- or SMN1-directed gene-replacement therapy (including investigational treatments). This exclusion applies regardless of route of administration of prior therapy as antibody response is systemic.
14. Retreatment with Itvisma has not been proven to be safe and effective and will be considered experiment/investigational. This includes patients who received a partial or incomplete dose of Itvisma.
15. Itvisma must be dosed and administered per the FDA-approved prescribing information which includes:
  - a. Single-dose intrathecal injection of  $1.2 \times 10^{14}$  vector genomes (vg) via lumbar puncture
  - b. Required corticosteroid regimen (prednisolone 1 mg/kg/day beginning one day prior to injection, continued for 30 days, followed by gradual taper)
  - c. Post-treatment monitoring of liver function and platelet counts as specified in the prescribing information
16. Approval timeframe will be for 3 months to allow for the administration of the one-time treatment

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#### **POLICY GUIDELINES:**

1. Spinraza and Itivisma are administered intrathecally and Zolgensma is administered intravenously. These products will be covered under the medical benefit. Evrysdi is administered orally and will be covered under the pharmacy benefit.
2. Unless otherwise stated above within the individual drug criteria, approval time periods are listed in the table below
  - Continued approval at time of recertification will require documentation that the drug is providing ongoing benefit to the patient in terms of improvement or stability in disease state or condition.
3. Clinical documentation must be submitted for each request (initial and recertification) unless otherwise specified (e.g., provider attestation required). Supporting documentation includes, but is not limited to, progress notes documenting previous treatments/treatment history, diagnostic testing, laboratory test results, genetic testing/biomarker results, imaging and other objective or subjective measures of benefit which support continued use of the requested product is medically necessary. Also, ongoing use of the requested product must continue to reflect the current policy's preferred formulary. Recertification reviews may result in the requirement to try more cost-effective treatment alternatives as they become available (i.e., generics, biosimilars, or other guideline supported treatment options). Requested dosing must continue to be consistent with FDA-approved or off-label/guideline-supported dosing recommendations.
4. This policy does not apply to Medicare Part D and D-SNP pharmacy benefits. The drugs in this policy may apply to all other lines of business including Medicare Advantage.
5. For members with Medicare Advantage, medications with a National Coverage Determination (NCD) and/or Local Coverage Determination (LCD) will be covered pursuant to the criteria outlined by the NCD and/or LCD. NCDs/LCDs for applicable medications can be found on the CMS website at <https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search.aspx>. Indications that have not been addressed by the applicable medication's LCD/NCD will be covered in accordance with criteria determined by the Health Plan (which may include review per the Health Plan's Off-Label Use of FDA Approved Drugs policy). Step therapy requirements may be imposed in addition to LCD/NCD requirements.
6. All requests will be reviewed to ensure they are being used for an appropriate indication and may be subject to an off-label review in accordance with our Off-Label Use of FDA Approved Drugs Policy (Pharmacy-32).
7. All utilization management requirements outlined in this policy are compliant with applicable New York State insurance laws and regulations. Policies will be reviewed and updated as necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with all state and federally mandated coverage requirements.
8. Manufacturers may either discontinue participation in, or may not participate in, the Medicaid Drug Rebate Program (MDRP). Under New York State Medicaid requirements, physician-administered drugs must be produced by manufacturers that participate in the MDRP. Products made by manufacturers that do not participate in the MDRP will not be covered under Medicaid Managed Care/HARP lines of business. Drug coverage will not be available for any product from a non-participating manufacturer. For a complete list of New/Reinstated & Terminated Labelers please visit: <https://www.medicaid.gov/medicaid/prescriptiondrugs/medicaid-drug-rebate-program/newreinstated-terminated-labeler-information/index.html>

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#### Approval time periods:

Unless otherwise stated within the individual drug criteria, approval time periods are listed in the table below:

Line of Business	Initial approval	Continued approval
<b>Commercial, Exchange, and SafetyNet</b> (Medicaid, HARP, CHP, Essential Plan)	All sites of service – 6 months	All sites of service – 6 months
<b>Medicare</b>	All sites of service – 6 months	All sites of service – 6 months

#### CODES:

Eligibility for reimbursement is based upon the benefits set forth in the member's subscriber contract. Codes may not be covered under all circumstances. Please read the policy and guidelines statements carefully.

**Codes may not be all inclusive as the AMA and CMS code updates may occur more frequently than policy update.**

#### HCPCS:

J2326            **Spinraza** (Effective 01/01/2018)  
 J3399            **Zolgensma** (Effective 07/01/2020)  
 J3590            **Itivisma**

#### UPDATES:

Date:	Revision:
04/01/2026	Revised
11/19/2025	Revised
11/13/2025	P&T Committee Review & Approval
03/06/2025	Revised
12/23/2024	Revised
11/21/2024	P&T Committee Review & Approval
09/13/2024	Revised
06/20/2024	Revised
01/11/2024	Revised
11/30/2023	P&T Committee Review & Approval
07/01/2023	Revised
04/28/2023	Revised
03/20/2023	Revised
09/22/2022	P&T Committee Review & Approval
09/16/2022	Revised
09/16/2021	P&T Committee Review & Approval
02/01/2021	Revised
09/16/2020	P&T Committee Review & Approval
09/03/2020	Revised
02/26/2020	Revised
09/27/2019	Revised
08/24/2018	Revised

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## Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA)

06/05/2017	Revised
03/02/2017	Initial Effective Date

### **REFERENCES:**

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